

PROGRESS OF THE CAMPAIGN

Governor Wilson Makes Three Speeches on Tariff

NOT BELIEVER IN FREE TRADE

Colonel Roosevelt Preparing for Speech To-night in Madison Square Garden—President Taft Believes Third Party Routed.

Governor Wilson took a day off from his duties as a candidate for the presidency yesterday and resumed business at the New Jersey state house; he signed numerous state papers and attended to other official business. Late yesterday afternoon he proceeded to the front in an endeavor to bring about the election of a legislature in New Jersey which will send William Hughes to the United States Senate.

While Washington has no idea that the Republican ticket will lose its candidate for vice president, political prophets are speculating upon what might be done if the unexpected should happen. They also are indulging in fanciful prognostications of the result of the failure of voters to elect a president which would send to Congress.

This contingency also is regarded as highly improbable.

Colonel Roosevelt is progressing toward his customary vigorous condition, but his right side is still sore and his usually good right arm will not be ready for oldtime gestulation for several weeks. He was resting yesterday, preparing for the delivery of his masterpiece in Madison Square, New York to-night. He has partly resumed his direction of the Bull Moose; but probably, excepting the one speech, will do nothing more than act as advisor.

President Taft believes the third termers are defeated and the constitution saved, and he turns his attention to prosperity, which he hopes will be continued by the defeat of the Democrats. Wilson's forces apparently have observed the manoeuvre and are not saying much about tariff for revenue.

WILSON HITS AT HIS OPONENTS.

His Policy Is to Cut Special Privileges from Tariff.

Newark, Oct. 30.—Gov. Woodrow Wilson, in three speeches filled with satirical attacks on his opponents, emphasized last night that he was not a believer in free trade and that the Democratic party did not intend to disturb legitimate business or the prosperity of the country if put into power.

He declared those who constantly asked him to define his position on the tariff "could not read the English language," and said he had repeated often his policy of cutting out of the tariff merely the special privileges lodged in it.

He replied to Taft's statements yesterday regarding the panic of the early 90s saying it was wrong to attribute that panic to tariff legislation "because the panic started before the tariff bill was enacted." He attributed the panic to Republican currency legislation.

NOTES ON NATIONAL POLITICS.

Brief Bits of News and Crisp Comment on Men and Measures.

Eugene W. Chafin, in an address at Dallas, Tex., urged that it was not the aim of the party to obtain constitutional amendments and legislation, but to get control of the executive department of the government. Prohibitionists, he said, should not "waste their time" signing petitions for local option and state-wide prohibition elections. "The present supreme court," Mr. Chafin asserted, "is the bulwark of the liquor interests."

Suffragists are to impress on the country the cause of "votes for women" by organizing a militant parade during the presidential inauguration exercises March 4 next. Mrs. Belva A. Lockwood will lead the Washington delegation to the next annual convention of the cause to be held in Philadelphia this autumn. Among the other officers elected are Mrs. H. W. Wiley and Wendell P. Stafford, as vice presidents of the organization.

In speaking of the tariff question at Rochester, N. Y., Representative Underwood said: "The Democratic party was in power for more than sixty years and in that time wrote more tariff bills than the Republicans have ever written, and there was not a free trade tariff in the list."

"You have in Governor Foss," said Judge Parker at Lowell, "one of the most eloquent men, who has denounced the evil effects of the high tariff and the trusts."

"The Taft men in California," said Governor Johnson in Maine, "had an opportunity to place electors on the ballot if they desired so. They purposely refrained from doing so. They pretend that they were disfranchised. They probably did not pursue the course that was open to them to put their electors on the ballot because the leaders of the Taft movement in California already had determined anyway to support the Democratic candidate."

Standard for years



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Hood's Pills

The painless, purely vegetable cathartic; cure biliousness, constipation, all liver ills. Pleasant to take. Work every time. 25c.

WORST STOMACH TROUBLE ENDED

No Indigestion, Gas, Heartburn or Dyspepsia Five Minutes After Taking "Pape's Diapiesin."

Every year regularly more than a million stomach sufferers in the United States, England and Canada take Pape's Diapiesin, and realize not only immediate, but lasting relief.

This harmless preparation will digest anything you eat and overcome a s. r. gassy or out-of-order stomach five minutes afterwards.

If your meals don't fit comfortably, or what you eat lies like a lump of lead in your stomach, or if you have heartburn, that is a sign of indigestion.

Get from your pharmacist a fifty-cent case of Pape's Diapiesin and take a dose just as soon as you can. There will be no sour risings, no belching of undigested food mixed with acid, no stomach gas or heartburn, fullness or heavy feeling in the stomach, nausea, debilitating headaches, dizziness or intestinal griping. This will all go, and, besides, there will be no sour food left over in the stomach to poison your breath with nauseous odors.

Pape's Diapiesin is a certain cure for out-of-order stomachs, because it takes the food of your food and digests it just the same as if your stomach wasn't there.

Relief in five minutes from all stomach misery is waiting for you at any drug store.

These large fifty-cent cases contain more than sufficient to thoroughly cure almost any case of dyspepsia, indigestion or any other stomach disorder.—Adv.

ELECTION FORECAST

IS 16,000,000 VOTES

Gain of Million Recorded in Four Years.

Washington, Oct. 30.—Approximately 15,815,000 men and 60,000 women in the United States will cast ballots in the presidential election one week from today. This estimate was made by the census bureau to-day and represents as close an approximation as it is possible to make in advance of the election itself.

The number of votes cast in the presidential election of 1908 was 14,888,442. There are 29,999,151 males of all races and colors in the United States at present who are over 21 years of age. This is 20,200,000 native born males of voting age who, if some restriction does not stand in the way, can avail themselves of the right of franchise. Census figures show, however, that only 65 per cent of "potential voters," as they are called, actually cast their ballots.

SPORTING NOTES.

Many of the football critics are proclaiming the split delayed forward pass used by Norwich against Fordham last Saturday as a novelty of the season. This play, originated at Norwich in the hands of Allen Reid and when that footed athlete was called to carry the ball the play was always good for long gains. In the Fordham game Norwich used the split delayed skin tackle play for great gains consistently.

Cornell has four games ahead, which will be rather stiff going. There is a possibility of the Cornellians winning next Saturday against Williams, but the other three games will surely be clocked off at the end of the year among the defeated. After the Williams game, Michigan, Dartmouth and Pennsylvania follow in order.

Crowther, the diminutive Brown quarterback, is shining this year just as Sprackling won fame at Brown in his days at college. Crowther has been acting as general of the Providence team and, considering the material, he has operated the machine to perfection. Crowther falls below Sprackling's calibre in that he has not yet demonstrated his ability to execute the forward pass with cleverness.

The Yale freshman football team will be without the services of Wilson, their big quarterback, whose shoulder was severely injured in the Hill game last Saturday. This injury will keep the start out of the Harvard game, thus crippling the Yale offense.

Cochran, the old Highlander pitcher and for some time with the Washington Americans, will be seen next year with the Kansas City team. A year of farming could give Vaughn sufficient cause to perfect his control.

Kid Eberfeld has effected his contract for another year with the Chattanooga club and the tobacco kid will be seen on duty in the south again.

This age is tough on baseball managers. The following careers of baseball has been dethroned in the past few months: O'Day by the Reds, Dahlen from the Brooklyn Nationals, Kling from the Braves, Chance from the Cubs, Roger Bresnahan from the Reds, and Harry Davis by the Naps.

Johnny Evers, the new Cub manager, is trying to land Eddie McDonald, the Braves' star third baseman. McDonald has shunted off to the Sacramento club last season by the Braves for no given reason, and McDonald refused to trot that far as he can show a bank account that will keep the wolf away from his door for some time. Should Evers want this man badly there is no doubt but that the national commission will arrange for his new berth.

Johnny Henry, the old Amherst catcher, is in Montana on Clark Griffith's ranch, where he will spend a month as the guest of the Washington manager.

According to Roger Bresnahan the Cardinals cleaned up between \$30,000 and \$40,000 last season. At that Roger is still looking for ten per cent of the profits.

WORKING SMOOTHLY

Plans of the Balkan Allies Appear to Be

CARRIED OUT WITH PRECISION

A Few Setbacks Up to the Present—Turkey Is, Apparently, Being Rapidly Pushed Back to the Wall.

London, Oct. 30.—The plan of campaign of the Balkan allies appears to be working with almost perfect smoothness. This is due, according to military critics, to some extent to the unpreparedness of the Turkish army. The armies of Bulgaria, Serbia, Greece and Montenegro are now in possession of a large portion of the Turkish railroad system and also of the wagon roads, while those lines and roads which they do not actually command they are either astride of or threatening.

Interest in the war still centers largely in the eastern area below Adrianople, where Nazim Pasha, the Turkish minister of war and commander-in-chief, with four army corps, is holding the line from Tchorlu to Lule Burgas.

According to the latest reports, his task is an attempt to stem the advance of the victorious Bulgarian troops, and he is credited with the statement that he will return the victor or perish in the attempt.

He appears to occupy a perilous position, with the Bulgarians on his right flank at Eski-Baba, cutting him off from the army of Adrianople, while the destruction of the bridge over the Tchorlu river prevents him from obtaining reinforcements and supplies from Constantinople. Supplies are his greatest want, for with the breaking down of the Turkish commissariat he is reported to be short of them already.

Should the great turning movement now being attempted by the Bulgarians be successful, Nazim Pasha might be driven to the west toward Saloniki, leaving Constantinople at the mercy of the invaders.

In the meantime Greek, Serbian and Bulgarian armies are moving upon Saloniki. The Greeks are already within striking distance of the Turkish town of Verria, only 30 miles from Saloniki on the railroad from Monastir. The possession of Verria by the Greeks would not only threaten Saloniki but cut off the Turkish army under Zekki Pasha, which was defeated by the Serbians at Askup and is now concentrating at Monastir.

The capture of Verria by the Greeks would enable them to effect a junction with the Bulgarian army coming down from Novorok and Drama through the Struma valley and concentrating at Serres and with the Serbians, who are advancing upon Vele.

All the passes through the Rhodope mountains leading to the Saloniki and Adrianople railway are also in Bulgarian hands.

The unusual report from Constantinople that the Turkish town of Serria has been recaptured from the Greeks is not credited here.

Active diplomatic negotiations are going on among the powers. The British minister at Cetinje, Montenegro, in company with the Montenegrin foreign minister, visited King Nicholas Monday at Riska, and this is regarded as undoubtedly in connection with the conversations held with the ambassadors of the powers in London by Sir Edward Grey, the British foreign minister. The diplomats are still hopeful of avoiding any complications between the powers.

A well-informed correspondent in Vienna telegraphs that Austria does not contemplate any active intervention and that there exists in the Austria capital a well-founded hope of an improvement in Austro-Serbian relations. If this is so, the danger always expected to arise in Europe from a Balkan war may be avoided.

Replying to a request made by several Bulgarian legations for more information as to the progress of events in the eastern part of the theatre of war, Premier Guechoff replied that no other news than that supplied by the general staff would be communicated.

TWO AMERICANS KILLED.

Miss Bessie Lambert and A. V. Menz Lost Lives in Recent Typhoon.

Washington, Oct. 30.—Two Americans, Miss Bessie Lambert and A. V. Menz, were killed in the recent typhoon in the Philippine islands, according to a cable received yesterday at the bureau of insular affairs. There is no record heretofore as to what part of the United States they were from. Miss Lambert was living in Iloilo and Menz had been captain of a small steamer named the Consuelo.

YOU TAKE NO RISK

Our Reputation and Money Is Back of This Offer.

We pay for all the medicine used during the trial, if our remedy fails to completely relieve you of constipation. We take all the risk. You are not obligated to us in any way whatsoever, if you accept our offer. Could anything be more fair for you? Is there any reason why you should hesitate to put our claims to actual test?

The most scientific, common-sense treatment is Rexall Remedies, which are eaten like candy. They are very pronounced, gentle and pleasant in action, and particularly agreeable in every way. They do not cause diarrhoea, nausea, flatulence, griping or any inconvenience whatever. Rexall Remedies are particularly good for children, aged and delicate persons.

We urge you to try Rexall Remedies at our risk. Two sizes, 10c and 25c. Remember, you can get Rexall Remedies in this community only at our store—The Rexall Store, Red Cross Pharmacy, 160 North Main street.—Adv.

CAMPAIGN

Several Considered by Clapp Committee

MAY BAR ALL CONTRIBUTIONS

From Corporations—Individual Gifts Also May Be Limited—Frequent and Full Publicity as to Funds Suggested.

Washington, Oct. 30.—While the Clapp committee of the Senate has not decided yet on any program of legislation, members have several reforms in mind. Among the recommendations that they make are the following:

Prohibition of contributions by any trust, large or small, or any corporation to presidential, senatorial or congressional campaign funds.

Prohibition of large individual contributions to such campaigns from any officer or director of any corporation.

Publication of campaign receipts by all candidates, including presidential, to occur four times during and thirty or sixty days after the nomination or primary campaign and during or after the general election.

Limitation of the size of contributions from individuals (one senator favoring \$10,000 as the limit, another favoring \$5,000).

Publication of how every cent in any campaign was spent—the names of recipients and detailed explanations of the purposes—twice during the primary and general election campaigns.

Prison sentences as well as heavy fines for campaign officials who break the law.

Adjustment of the law so as to cover both the collection and primary nominating systems for presidential and all other candidates.

To impose on each presidential candidate knowledge of the amount and sources of his financial support by requiring the candidate's certification to the statement of his finances.

To require not only national campaign managers, but state, district and even ward and precinct managers to report money received or spent.

Strict accounting of all campaign promises of appointments or political rewards.

One member of the committee has suggested the possibility of the creation of a federal bureau of elections to supervise the administration of a federal corrupt practice act.

VERMONT'S STAR ATHLETES

SIGNALLY HONORED

Collins, Gardner and Guttersen Feted at Burlington Last Evening and Given Loving Cup by Enthusiastic Friends.

Burlington, Oct. 30.—An enthusiastic company of 400 fans attended the complimentary banquet and reception to Vermont's three athletic champions, Ray Collins, Larry Gardner, and Albert Guttersen, in hotel Vermont last evening. It was by far the liveliest and most enthusiastic gathering in Burlington in many years. Each of the three men was presented a loving cup suitably inscribed.

Mayor Roberts was toastmaster and remarks were made by President Benton of the university of Vermont, Congressman Greene, Lieut. Gov. Howe, Hon. J. A. DeBoer, T. S. Murnane of Boston and Speaker Plumley.

Mr. DeBoer spoke in interest of clean athletics, rating them on the same plane as higher education as exemplified in scholarship.

President Benton paid a tribute to the three men as native Vermonters and said that while scholarship was still their high plane athletics was just coming into its own.

He presented the cups in behalf of the university of Vermont and citizens of Burlington. Each athlete made an appropriate response.

Congressman Greene pleaded for less professional baseball and other athletics and for more general participation by all students.

Mr. Murnane praised Vermont players and said all professionals must of necessity be men of excellent physical, moral and mental development.

Mr. Plumley made a witty speech telling of early experiences in baseball. He emphasized the college spirit in athletics.

Nearly 200 students marched from the college headed by a band and gave yells and sang songs throughout the evening.

DYNAMITE PROBE DESCRIBED.

Conspiracy Trial Jury Hears How Investigation Was Conducted.

Indianapolis, Ind., Oct. 30.—Charles E. Freeman, an Indianapolis expert accountant, employed by the county prosecutor at the time of the grand jury investigation to go over the seized books and papers of the International Association of Bridge and Structural Iron Workers resumed the stand in the dynamite conspiracy trial to describe the documents that were returned to the union officials after the county grand jury finished its probe.

Freeman said that on the order of prosecuting Attorney Frank P. Baker he returned to the ironworkers a catchall full of letters, books and other documents. He also identified many letters and other exhibits in possession of the government.

John Golden of Fall River, Mass., president of the United Textile Workers of America, identified a letter he wrote to President Frank M. Ryan of the ironworkers. His letter enclosed a newspaper clipping telling of an explosion at Fall River in April, 1908, and said the clipping was self-explanatory. Golden also identified a copy of Ryan's reply, which called Golden's attention to an editorial in the Bridgemen's Magazine.

The editorial commenting on the flouting of dynamiting on a steel job in Cleveland said that the explosive was planted by non-union men to discredit the organized ironworkers. Ryan said the Fall River job doubtless was one of the same kind.

Prosecutor Baker told the jury of Marion county's part in the investigation of the dynamite plot.

Every Day is Overcoat Day in This



Hart Schaffner & Marx

clothes shop for men. If you want a fine, stylish overcoat; ready to put on, you can come here any day, and we will fit you perfectly.

You will like the ulster-ette. You will want to see the new silk lined and faced Chesterfield coats for men and young men in all the stylish styles.

Moore & Owens

Barre's Leading Clothiers
122 No. Main St. Barre, Vermont

TRUSTEE PROCESS BILL

FAVORED IN HOUSE

(Continued from first page.)

pledge of a trustee process exemption act. By a vote of 94 in favor and 87 against, Senate bill No. 1 was ordered to a third reading this afternoon.

For the second time the House committee on elections failed to urge final disposition of the contested Guildhall election case. The committee submitted an amended report, which was in effect as follows:

The committee on elections, to whom was referred the contest in the election of representative in the town of Guildhall, submitted an amended report and decision, in effect that the election in itself was not in accord with the usual custom at such meetings; there was no fraud in the marking or casting of votes; contest was over the validity of five votes alleged to have been cast on first ballot; board of civil authority was evenly divided upon question of validity of these ballots; that said ballots should have been counted as valid in favor of Mr. Ball, the contestant.

That Mr. Kellum, the returned member, conducted himself in a legal and proper manner; that the civil authority of the town of Guildhall did conduct the meeting in a loose and illegal manner, and the second ballot was loose and illegal and of no avail; and that the seat be declared vacant and no candidate be entitled to the same. The report was signed by the entire committee.

Mr. Haskell of Woodbury, clerk of the committee, moving the passage of the bill, moved that the report be until Thursday forenoon, Oct. 31.

The joint resolution, introduced early in the session, providing that the pay of all employees of the Senate and House for the session of 1912, unless otherwise provided for by law, be fixed by the president of the Senate and the speaker of the House, was killed.

The first business of the Senate yesterday afternoon was to fix upon Saturday morning as the time for adjournment this week and setting the time for reassembling on Wednesday afternoon following the national election. As in former years, it is not expected that many of the members will remain in Montpelier, though legislative enactment will provide a way for all members.

In view of the fact that large numbers of had been taken each year in seines, he was in favor of seeing being permitted under a license from the state fish and game commissioner.

Senator McCuen, a member of the committee, said that in Addison county the use of seines had not been found to work to the disadvantage of hook and line fishermen. He said that the license had been issued to Addison county fishermen and that the commissioner had been careful in granting licenses. He neither favored nor opposed the present law.

Favor Electrocuting for Hanging.

The Senate committee on state and industrial affairs gave a public hearing last evening in the Senate chamber on the three electrocution bills before the Senate. As the committee had practically decided to make a favorable report on one of the bills providing for the substitution of electrocution for hanging in Vermont, the principal end to be gained at the hearing was to learn from an expert electrician, who has charge of many electrocutions, what the needed equipment would cost and whether or not there is room within the state prison at Windsor for the installation of an electrocution plant.

The electrician explained that he had, at the suggestion of Superintendent Lovell of the state prison, made an examination of the premises to determine whether or not it is feasible to erect an electric chair, generators and switch-board within the prison walls or to erect a separate building for such a plant. The electrician explained how the equipment could be set up in a certain part of the prison at an estimated cost of about \$1,500. He went into details as to the cost of such a plant and said that it would be far less expensive to have such equipment located within the prison walls than to house it in a building erected especially for use as an execution chamber and death house. Superintendent Lovell thought that a separate building could be erected at an expense of \$1,000 or less.

After three-quarters of an hour had been spent in listening to the matter of cost of such a plant, Senator McEeters said that he doubted whether there was a person in Vermont who does not want a change from hanging to electrocution. He said that the state could not afford to be niggardly in the matter of expense, and he thought the state could well afford to pay \$5,000 or even \$10,000 if it is going to establish an electrocution plant and wishes to have the equipment of an approved type. He was willing that the committee should amend

men who are receiving this appropriation are not in the soldiers' home.

On House bill 22, Mr. Henry explained that the appropriation for eight years has been \$30,000, but that improvements are needed and that with the high cost of living it would require more. He asked for \$32,000. Among the repairs and other expenses he referred to were fencing the reservoir, cleaning the same, also repairing the walks and buildings.

Col. Hannon spoke of the need of about \$1,000 on the grounds, according to ideas of state officials, as well as his own. Until six years ago the United States government used to help in the expense, but that has been cut off. The deaths are about 13 per year, while there is no increase in application over several years ago. The committee held another meeting this morning upon several other bills before them and will hold one this afternoon.

Seining in Lake Champlain.

Senate bill 32, relating to the repeal of the law allowing the state fish and game commissioner to issue licenses for seining in Lake Champlain, was under discussion before the joint committee on game and fisheries in the supreme court room yesterday afternoon from 3:30 to 4 o'clock. Contrary to the general expectation, there was but little opposition offered to the Senate bill, which repeals the present law allowing seining in Lake Champlain.

Frank Briggs, the Grand Isle hotel proprietor, spoke in favor of the bill to repeal the seining law and said that the use of seines in his region had about ruined the fishing for hook and line fishermen. George B. Walton of Montpelier thought it would be wise for the committee to recommend the passage of Senate bill 32 providing for the repeal of the present seining law.

Dr. Coburn of Milton said that the people of his section were opposed to taking fish with a seine. Senator Johnson of St. Albans thought it would be wise for the committee to take into consideration the claim put forth by many of his constituents that Canadians take fish with a seine and that Vermonters might well share in the fish to be found in the waters surrounding St. Albans. He thought that possibly some provision could be made for taking shad with a seine even if other kinds of fish were prohibited. His reason for this suggestion was that the shad will not bite a hook and that the only way to take the fish is with a seine.

In view of the fact that large numbers of shad are taken each year in seines, he was in favor of seeing being permitted under a license from the state fish and game commissioner.

Senator McCuen, a member of the committee, said that in Addison county the use of seines had not been found to work to the disadvantage of hook and line fishermen. He said that the license had been issued to Addison county fishermen and that the commissioner had been careful in granting licenses. He neither favored nor opposed the present law.

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his bill, though, and reduce the appropriation from \$5,000 to \$3,000, but Senator Chaffee was not inclined to think that the suggestion should be followed and Mr. McEeters withdrew the suggestion.

Regulating Veterinary Practice.

The Senate and House committees on agriculture gave a public hearing last evening on House bill No. 14, an act to regulate the practice of veterinary medicine, surgery and dentistry, the first half hour being taken up by questions which were answered by Dr. Stevens of White River Junction, who represents his town in the House. Mr. Dow of Topsham favored the bill, Mr. Adams of Marlboro opposed, believing it would create another trust. Mr. Coburn of Milton defended the bill as one protecting veterinarians. The star witness was Dr. Mills of Newport, a self-educated practitioner of 20 years' practice. This bill would deprive him of printing his title or business on his stationery, business cards, sign, etc., and cut him off from his official relations with the state humane society; deprive him of his discount on remedies purchased of drug houses, etc. Stop the coming of quacks, but do not overstep the constitution of the state and country, he declared.

Dr. Aldrich of St. Johnsbury thought the bill, in the main, a good one; "Dr. Mills does not want a title he does not possess, but he should be permitted to retain the title of 'Dr. Mills, licensed veterinarian.' Modify the bill, but let men of ability retain their business and their titles."

Mr. Eaton of Royalton thought the patient had been overlooked in the debate; men fail to heed the call of the suffering beast because of the expense of employing the regular practitioner. He deplored the quack, and hoped for protection at the hands of the legislature.

Other speakers were Mr. McGrath of Georgia, and Mr. Thomas and Mr. Johnson of Addison county. The committee will recommend several amendments to conform to public demands and report them to the House for its action.

MRS. CLEVELAND TO WED AGAIN.

Widow of Former President Announces Engagement to Thomas J. Preston.

Princeton, N. J., Oct. 30.—Mrs. Grover Cleveland authorizes the announcement of her engagement to Thomas J. Preston, professor of archaeology and the history of arts at Wells college.

The date of the marriage is not yet determined, but will be announced later. Mrs. Cleveland is a graduate of Wells college and has been a trustee of the institution since 1887. After his retirement from the presidency, Mr. Cleveland, and Mrs. Cleveland has continued her residence here since the former president died in 1908.

Prof. Preston made a fortune in manufacturing in Newark, N. J., then studied abroad and at Princeton. He is 30 years old.

SNOW IN NORTH DAKOTA.

Temperature, However, Is Mild—Follows 24-Hour Rain.

Bismarck, N. D., Oct. 30.—Snow fell throughout western North Dakota yesterday, following a twenty-four-hour rain. The temperature is comparatively mild.

BEST \$5 HE EVER SPENT

Bristol, Pa., Man Says So in This Letter.

Months of suffering and anxiety over his condition caused Mr. A. L. Kennedy of Bristol, Pa., to write this letter. He says: "Grippe and a bad cough caused me much suffering and worry for five long months, but that is all over now, for I have taken Vinol and am perfectly well. I took five bottles and it was the best five dollars I ever spent."

In health one cannot realize how depressed a person may become after trying one remedy after another for such a condition as Mr. Kennedy was in, without benefit, or what a relief it is to find help and be restored to health and strength.

It is the combined action of the medicinal curative element of cods' livers without the greasy oil, aided by the blood-making and strength-creating properties of tonic iron, that makes Vinol so efficient in overcoming chronic coughs, colds and bronchitis, at the same time building up the weakened, run-down system.

We guarantee Vinol to give you perfect satisfaction. Red Cross Pharmacy, Burt H. Wells, Prop., Barre, Vt.

P. S.—For rough, scaly skin, try our Sava Salve. We guarantee it.—Adv.